

# DeNOxing the air in urban spaces by building and construction photocatalytic coverings

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**Table S1. Substrate, photocatalytic product and its application method.**

Name	Substrate	Photocatalytic product	Application method
(PS-WD) <sub>1</sub>	Paving slab	Low-transparency water-based sol with TiO <sub>2</sub> additive	Paint roller
(PS-WD) <sub>2</sub>	Paving slab	Water-based polymeric microemulsion with TiO <sub>2</sub> additive	Sprayer
(PS-WD) <sub>3</sub>	Paving slab	Water-based polymeric microemulsion with TiO <sub>2</sub> additive	Sprayer
(PS-WD) <sub>4</sub>	Paving slab	Moderate-transparency water-based sol with TiO <sub>2</sub> additive	Paint roller
(PS-WD) <sub>5</sub>	Paving slab	Water-based polymeric microemulsion with TiO <sub>2</sub> additive	Sprayer
(PS-WD) <sub>6</sub>	Paving slab	Water-based polymeric microemulsion with TiO <sub>2</sub> additive	Sprayer
(PS-WD) <sub>7</sub>	Paving slab	Water-based polymeric microemulsion with TiO <sub>2</sub> additive	Sprayer
(PS-WD) <sub>8</sub>	Paving slab	Water-based polymeric microemulsion with TiO <sub>2</sub> additive	Sprayer
(PS-WD) <sub>9</sub>	Paving slab	Water-based polymeric microemulsion with TiO <sub>2</sub> additive	Sprayer
(PS-WD) <sub>10</sub>	Paving slab	TiO <sub>2</sub> sol-gel	Sprayer
(PPS) <sub>1</sub>	Paving slab	Anatase-TiO <sub>2</sub> solution embedded in the surface	
(PPS) <sub>2</sub>	Paving slab	N/D	
(PPB) <sub>1</sub>	Paving block	Anatase-TiO <sub>2</sub> solution embedded in the surface	
(PPB) <sub>2</sub>	Paving block	Nano-TiO <sub>2</sub> embedded in the surface	
(PPB) <sub>3</sub>	Paving block	N/D	
(PPB) <sub>4</sub>	Paving block	Nano-TiO <sub>2</sub> embedded in the surface	
(BM-WD) <sub>1</sub>	Close-graded bituminous mixture AC16S	TiO <sub>2</sub> dispersion based on water and resins	Sprayer
(BM-WD) <sub>2</sub>	Close-graded bituminous mixture AC16S	Water-based polymeric microemulsion with TiO <sub>2</sub> additive	Sprayer
(BM-WD) <sub>3</sub>	Open-graded bituminous mixture BBTM 11B	Water-based polymeric microemulsion with TiO <sub>2</sub> additive	Sprayer
(BM-CG) <sub>1</sub>	Open-graded bituminous mixture BBTM 11B	Cement grout with nano-anatase TiO <sub>2</sub> additive	Paint roller
(BM-CG) <sub>2</sub>	Open-graded bituminous mixture BBTM 11B	Cement grout with nano-anatase TiO <sub>2</sub> additive	Paint roller
(BM-CG) <sub>3</sub>	Open-graded bituminous mixture BBTM 11B	Cement grout with nano-TiO <sub>2</sub> additive	Paint roller
(CS-FC) <sub>1</sub>	Concrete surface	Water-based covering with anatase-TiO <sub>2</sub> additive	Immersion

(CS-FC) <sub>2</sub>	Concrete surface	Silicate microemulsion and silica nanoparticles in aqueous dispersion with nano-TiO <sub>2</sub> additive	Paint roller
(FB-FC) <sub>1</sub>	Facing brick	Water-based covering with anatase-TiO <sub>2</sub> additive	Immersion
(FB-FC) <sub>2</sub>	Facing brick	Water-based emulsion with TiO <sub>2</sub> additive	Paint roller
(FB-FC) <sub>3</sub>	Facing brick	Moderate-transparency water-based sol with TiO <sub>2</sub> additive	Paint roller
(FB-FC) <sub>4</sub>	Facing brick	Water-based emulsion with TiO <sub>2</sub> additive	Paint roller
(FB-FC) <sub>5</sub>	Facing brick	Water-based emulsion with TiO <sub>2</sub> additive	Paint roller
(FB-FC) <sub>6</sub>	Facing brick	Water-based dispersion with TiO <sub>2</sub> additive	Paint roller
(FB-FC) <sub>7</sub>	Facing brick	Water-based covering with TiO <sub>2</sub> additive	Paint roller

**Table S2. Impact of physical parameters on NO and NO<sub>x</sub> removal efficiency and nitrate selectivity.**

(a) Photocatalytic material	Flow-type photoreactor	$\chi_j$ ( $j=NO, NO_x$ ), $S$ (%)	(c) System parameters range				(d) Dependence on system parameters			Ref
			UV-A Irradiance, I (W m <sup>-2</sup> )	Inlet [NO] <sub>i</sub> (ppm <sub>v</sub> )	Relative Humidity, RH (%)	Flow rate, FR (L min <sup>-1</sup> )	$\chi_{NO}$ (%)	$\chi_{NO_x}$ (%)	$S$ (%)	
P25 slurry	TiO <sub>2</sub> thin film coated tube	( $[NO]_i=5-40$ , RH=50) 2-8	( $I=2.6$ , RH=50) 5-60	( $I=2.6$ , $[NO]_i=40$ ) 0-75		0.4	I: 15-74; [NO] <sub>i</sub> : 70-15; RH: 0-35		I: 82-100; [NO] <sub>i</sub> : 90-100; RH: 100	Devahasdin et al., 2003
TiO <sub>2</sub> -slurry on asphalt/TiO <sub>2</sub> - paving block	Based on ISO 22197-1:2007	(*) (slurry on asphalt/paving block) NO: 3-38/4-45	( $[NO]_i=1$ , RH=50, FR=3) 0.3-13	( $I=10$ , RH=50, FR=3) 0.1-1	( $I=10$ , $[NO]_i=1$ , FR=3) 10-80	( $I=10$ , $[NO]_i=1$ , RH=50) 1-5	(paving block) I: 5-24; [NO] <sub>i</sub> : 68-37; RH: 30-15; FR: 67-22			Hüsken et al., 2009
TiO <sub>2</sub> -concrete paving stone	ISO 22197-1:2007		( $[NO]_i=1$ , RH=50, FR=3) 0.3-13	( $I=10$ , RH=50, FR=3, 5) 0.1-1	( $I=10$ , $[NO]_i=1$ , FR=3) 10-80	( $I=10$ , $[NO]_i=0.1-1$ , RH=50) 3, 5	I: 0-29; [NO] <sub>i</sub> : 69-22; RH: 36-20; FR=69-22	I: 0-24; [NO] <sub>i</sub> : 64-16; RH: 36-20; FR=64-16		Ballari et al., 2010
TiO <sub>2</sub> -concrete paving stone	Based on ISO 22197-1:2007		10	(FR=1-5) 0.1-1	50	( $[NO]_i=0.1-1$ ) 1-5		[NO] <sub>i</sub> : 89-22; FR: 89-22		Hunger et al., 2010
P25 powder- pressed/P25 paint film	Based on ISO 22197-1:2007	(**) ( $I=7$ , $[NO]_i=1$ , RH=50, FR=0.7) (powder- pressed/paint) NO: >60/15-50; S: 42-75/15-40								Águia et al., 2011
TiO <sub>2</sub> -concrete paving stone	ISO 22197-1:2007	(*) NO: 43; NO <sub>x</sub> : 35	( $[NO]_i=0.52$ , RH=50) 2-11	( $I=10$ , RH=50) 0.1-1	( $I=10$ , $[NO]_i=0.52$ ) 10-70	3	I: 20-58; [NO] <sub>i</sub> : 83-43; RH: 89-49	I: 15-50; [NO] <sub>i</sub> : 72-35; RH: 85-38		Ballari et al., 2011

<b>TiO<sub>2</sub>-nanosized coating over mortar/glass</b>	Based on ISO 22197-1:2007	(**) ( $I=5.8$ , $[NO]_i=0.4$ , $RH=31$ , $FR=1.5$ ) (mortar/glass) NO: 45/37.5	5.8	( $RH=31$ , $FR=1.5$ ) 0.1-2	( $[NO]_i=0.4-2$ , $FR=1.5$ ) 0-74	( $[NO]_i=0.4$ , $RH=31$ ) 1-5	(mortar/glass) [NO] <sub>i</sub> : 45-38/48-35; RH: 45-22/45-25 (mortar) FR: 52-20	(mortar/glass) [NO] <sub>i</sub> : 45-35/45-15; RH: 45-22/44-12 (mortar) FR: 52-19	Martinez et al., 2011
<b>TiO<sub>2</sub>-mortar on concrete paving</b>	Based on ISO 22197-1:2007		( $RH=30-70$ , $FR=1-5$ ) 10-40	20	( $I=10-40$ , $FR=1-5$ ) 30-70	( $I=10-40$ , $RH=30-70$ ) 1-5		I: 10-90; RH: 90-10; FR: 90-10	de Melo and Trichê, 2012
<b>Nanotubular TiO<sub>2</sub> film</b>	Continuous-flow Reactor (1 L)		1.4	( $FR=1-2.5$ ) 0.2-1	40	( $[NO]_i=0.2-1$ ) 1-2.5	[NO] <sub>i</sub> : 22.6-4.4; FR: 22.6-4.4		Kontos et al., 2012
<b>TiO<sub>2</sub>-water suspension onto concrete paving block</b>	ISO 22197-1:2007	(*) NO: 47; NO <sub>x</sub> : 39							Ballari and Brouwers, 2013
<b>TiO<sub>2</sub>-water suspension onto asphalt pavement</b>	JIS R 1701-1:2004 (n.d.)	( $I=20$ , $[NO]_i=0.43$ , $RH=50$ , $FR=1.5$ ) NO: 51-77; NO <sub>x</sub> : 39-66	( $RH=50$ , $FR=1.5$ ) 5-24	0.43	( $I=20$ , $FR=1.5$ ) 20-80	( $I=20$ , $RH=50$ ) 1.5-3	I: 31-65; RH: 65-9; FR: 65-38	I: 25-55; RH: 55-8; FR: 55-29	Hassan et al., 2013
<b>P25 or PC500 paint/PC500 powder-pressed</b>	Based on ISO 22197-1:2007	( $I=10$ ; $[NO]_i=1$ , $RH=50$ , $FR=0.7$ ) (paint/powder-pressed) NO: 25-70/95; S: 25-45/45							Ângelo et al., 2014
<b>TiO<sub>2</sub>-mortar slab</b>	ISO 22197-1:2007		( $[NO]_i=1$ , $RH=50$ , $FR=3$ ) 2-15	( $I=10$ , $RH=50$ , $FR=3$ ) 0.11-1	( $I=10$ , $[NO]_i=1$ , $FR=3$ ) 10-70	( $I=10$ , $[NO]_i=1$ , $RH=50$ ) 1.5-5	I: 11-31; [NO]: 61-36; RH: 50-27; FR: 49-21	I: 7-24; [NO]: 43-29; RH: 45-20; FR: 42-16	Sikkema et al., 2015
<b>TiO<sub>2</sub> onto glass</b>	Based on ISO 22197-1:2007		10	0.5	25-65	1.2	RH: 94-82	RH : 91-51	Hernández Rodríguez et al., 2016

<b>TiO<sub>2</sub>-coating onto asphalt/concrete</b>	CSTR stirred flow tank (148 L)	(RH=8) (asphalt) 8-80	0.12	(I=41) 8-80	10	(asphalt/concrete) (1) I: 0.3-1.1/ND; RH: 0.5-0.07/6-0.08	Toro et al., 2016
<b>nano-TiO<sub>2</sub> concrete</b>	Based on JIS R1701-1:2004 (n.d.)	([NO] <sub>i</sub> =1, RH=30, FR=3) 0.3-3	(I=2, RH=30, FR=3) 0.15-2	(I=2, [NO] <sub>i</sub> =1, FR=3) 10-80	(I=2, [NO] <sub>i</sub> =1, RH=30) 0.5-9	I: 11-60; [NO] <sub>i</sub> : 68-20; RH: 60-21; FR: 88-13	Guo et al., 2017
<b>TiO<sub>2</sub>-coating onto mortar/wood</b>	Based on ISO 22197-1:2007	1, 3.3	0.4	34	1.5	(mortar/wood) I: 46-50/31-48	Hot et al., 2017
(*)							
<b>P25 paint/P25 water suspension onto concrete/plaster</b>	Based on ISO 22197-1:2007 and CEN	(ISO/CEN) NO <sub>x</sub> : 8-24/28-42 (paint/water suspension) NO <sub>x</sub> : 12-42/8-30 (concrete/plaster) NO <sub>x</sub> : 8-42/16-35	10	0.1	50	3	(paint) (ISO/CEN) 17-50/32-45 (concrete/plaster) 45-50/17-32
<b>TiO<sub>2</sub>-cement based coating on sandblasted glass</b>	Based on ISO 22197-1:2007	(**) (I=21, [NO] <sub>i</sub> =0.1, RH=50, FR=3) (1) NO: 0.51-0.57	([NO] <sub>i</sub> =0.1, RH=50, FR=3) 3-21	(I=21, RH=50, FR=3) 0.05-0.5	(I=21, [NO] <sub>i</sub> =0.1, FR=3) 0-83	(I=21, [NO] <sub>i</sub> =0.1, RH=50) 2-7	(1) I: 0.13-0.23; [NO] <sub>i</sub> : 0.37-0.15; RH: 0.6- 0.17; FR: 0.3
<b>NP400 on cement paste/mortar</b>	ISO 22197-1:2007	(*) (cement paste/mortar) NO: 3-55/11-70					Rhee et al., 2018
<b>TiO<sub>2</sub>-solgel onto ceramic</b>	ISO 22197-1:2007	([NO] <sub>i</sub> =1, FR=3) 2.5-10	(I=10, FR=3) 0.5-2	50	(I=10, [NO] <sub>i</sub> =1) 1.5-4	I: 32-62; [NO] <sub>i</sub> : 65- 57; FR: 82-40	Muñoz et al., 2019

P25 mortar	ISO 22197-1:2007	(RH=35, FR=1) 10-40	10	(I=40, FR=1) 35-65	(I=40, RH=35) 1-5	I: 22-81; RH: 81-12; FR: 81-21	Casagrande et al., 2020	
P25/TiO <sub>2</sub> -powdered cement onto glass/asphalt	ISO 22197-1:2007	(*) (TiO <sub>2</sub> -powdered cement–asphalt) NO: 29; NO <sub>x</sub> : 22	10	5	50	(P25–glass) 93 (TiO <sub>2</sub> -powdered cement–glass/ asphalt) 20/32	Suárez et al., 2020	
TiO <sub>2</sub> -dispersion paint	Based on ISO 22197-1:2007		2.1	0.09	6-84	2.2	RH: 93-15	
TiO <sub>2</sub> -powder in cement mortar		(*) (powder in cement mortar)						
TiO <sub>2</sub> -supported aggregates in/on cement mortar	ISO 22197-1:2007	NO: 34; NO <sub>x</sub> : 33; S: 98 (aggregates in/on cement mortar) NO: 51/52; NO <sub>x</sub> : 51/50; S: 100-98	solar light simulator	(RH=50, FR=3) 0.05-2	([NO] <sub>i</sub> =1, FR=3) 17-83	([NO] <sub>i</sub> = 1, RH=50) 1-5	(aggregates on cement mortar) [NO]: 60-46; RH: 55-50; FR: 85-29 (aggregates on cement mortar) [NO]: 54-33; RH: 52-40; FR: 78-18 (aggregates on cement mortar) [NO]: 94-71; RH: 95-81; FR: 91-64	Si et al., 2021
P25 water suspension onto glass	Based on ISO 22197-1:2007		10	(FR=1.5-11) 0.1-1	50	([NO] <sub>i</sub> =0.1-1) 1.5-11	[NO]: 79-5; FR: 79-5	Mikyskova et al., 2022
P25 water suspension onto glass	ISO 22197-1:2007	(RH=50) 0.5-50	0.1	(I=10) 0.1-95	3	I: 42-62; RH:68-36	Nosek et al., 2023	

<sup>(a)</sup> Regarding the photocatalytic material, in those cases in which the TiO<sub>2</sub> based product is not a constituent part of the sampled material, the substrate on which it is applied is specified.

(b) In relation to the  $\chi_j$  ( $j=NO, NO_x$ ) and  $S$  (%) determined in fixed conditions, if applicable, the comparison between different types of photoactive product, substrate or type of reactor used is shown; data range is associated to results obtained for different samples; operation conditions are also given, in parentheses and italics.

(\*) Test carried out under following specified conditions:  $I=10 \text{ Wm}^{-2}$ ,  $[NO]_i=1 \text{ ppm}_v$ ,  $RH=50\%$  and  $FR=3 \text{ Lmin}^{-1}$ .

(\*\*) Test carried out under fixed conditions chosen by the author, defined in parentheses and italics.

(<sup>1</sup>) NO and NO<sub>x</sub> removal expressed as uptake,  $\gamma (10^{-4})$ .

(c) Concerning the system parameters, range of operating values for the target variable under test ( $I$ ,  $[NO]_i$ , RH and FR) are given; setting for the rest of variables is also specified (in parentheses and italics)

(d) The dependence on system parameters ( $I$ ,  $[NO]_i$ , RH and FR) of  $\chi_{NO}$  (%),  $\chi_{NO_x}$  (%) and  $S$  (%) is displayed. For every parameter, values range is given.

**Table S3. Photocatalytic NO and NO<sub>2</sub> surface deposition velocities published for different photoactive materials.**

First order kinetic approximation	Material	Flow-type reactor	(a) Test conditions	$V_{ph,NO}$ ( $10^{-3} \text{ m s}^{-1}$ )	(a) Test conditions	$V_{ph,NO_2}$ ( $10^{-3} \text{ m s}^{-1}$ )	Reference
Classical	TiO <sub>2</sub> -mortar onto fiber cement	Based on ISO 22197-1:2007	I=8 [NO] <sub>i</sub> =0.1 RH=40 FR=ND	3.8	I=8 [NO <sub>2</sub> ] <sub>i</sub> =0.1 RH=40 FR=ND	2.9	Gallus et al., 2015
Classical	TiO <sub>2</sub> -polymeric paint/ TiO <sub>2</sub> -cementitious coat/TiO <sub>2</sub> -transparent dispersion onto concrete blocks	Based on ISO 22197-1:2007	I=4 [NO] <sub>i</sub> =1 RH=50 FR=3	4.2/2.2/3.2			Boonen and Beeldens, 2014
LHM	P25 briquettes	Based on ISO 22197-1:2007	I=10 [NO] <sub>i</sub> =0.04-1.4 RH=50 FR=3	11.8	I=7 [NO <sub>2</sub> ] <sub>i</sub> =0.04-1.4 RH=50 FR=3	1.6	Engel et al., 2015
Classical	P25 water suspension onto glass	Based on ISO 22197-1:2007	I=10 [NO] <sub>i</sub> =0.1-1 RH=50 FR=3	31-0.7	I=10 [NO <sub>2</sub> ] <sub>i</sub> =0.1-1 RH=50 FR=1.5-11	30-0.7	Mikyskova et al., 2022
Classical	TiO <sub>2</sub> -water suspension onto PVC	Based on ISO 22197-1:2007	I=10 [NO] <sub>i</sub> =0.05-0.1 RH=50 FR=2.2	23	I=10 [NO <sub>2</sub> ] <sub>i</sub> =0.05-0.1 RH=50 FR=2.2	17	Villena et al., 2024

(a) UV-A irradiance, I ( $\text{W m}^{-2}$ ); inlet [NO], [NO]<sub>i</sub> ( $\text{ppm}_v$ ); relative humidity, RH (%); flow rate, FR ( $\text{L min}^{-1}$ ).

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